

(I Went Up the) Apple Tree

spoken



(whisper)



Movement Directions

(Move to the beat)

- Line 1 Pretend to climb
- Line 2 Knock on head
- Line 3 Rub tummy
- Line 4 Whisper and point

Source Wyze, Helen *Simple Gifts, Book I* copyright 1976 page 2
Classroom Use

beat

whisper voice (kinds of voices)
fast/slow
loud/soft

A Tisket, A Tasket

Clef: F - G

The musical notation consists of three staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. The lyrics are: "A tisket, a tasket, a green and yellow bas - ket," with the last note being a half note. The second staff continues with the same key signature and time signature, with lyrics: "I wrote a let - ter to my love, and on the way I lost it," ending with a half note. The third staff also uses the same key signature and time signature, with lyrics: "I lost it, I lost it, and on the way I lost it," ending with a half note.

Game Directions

Stationary circle with one child skipping around the outside with a basket (I use a love letter). On "lost it", the basket (or letter) is dropped behind a child. This child picks it up and chases the other.

Source: Wyzga, Helen *Simple Gifts, Book 1* copyright 1974 page 29

Classroom Use

Unconscious la (in a s m l pattern)
fun game

All Through The Night

An old Welsh melody

Trad.

The musical score consists of five staves of music for a single instrument, likely a guitar or ukulele. The music is in common time and uses a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the staff, and lyrics are written below the staff. The chords used are F, B[♭], G⁷, C⁷, Gm, C⁷, F, B[♭], G⁷, C⁷, Gm, C⁷, F, B[♭], Dm, Gm⁷, C, C⁷, F, B[♭], G⁷, C⁷, Gm, C⁷, F, and B[♭]. The lyrics are:

Sleep my love and peace attend thee, All through the night.
Guardian angels God will send thee,
All through the night.
Soft the drowsy hours are creeping
till and vale in damp - ber sleep - ing, Love a - lone his
watch is keep - ing, All through the night.

Amazing Grace

Trad.

arr. Jan Waters

The musical score consists of five staves of music for a single melody. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is 2/4. The vocal line includes lyrics and chords indicated above the notes:

- Staff 1: A - ma - zing G that C Grace, taught how my sweet heart the to
- Staff 2: G sound G fear, that saved a Grace my wretch like re
- Staff 3: D⁷ me lieved. G How once prec - G was lost, but G that
- Staff 4: C now Grace G I'm ap - found, G was the blind, D but I now first D be -
- Staff 5: G see | 2. G YWWS lieved.

America

(My Country 'Tis of Thee)

Words by SAMUEL FRANCIS SMITH
Music is Traditional

Moderately

Gtr. capo 1: D
Keyboard: E

G
A
D
A7
D
E



D Bm Em A7
E Cm Fm B7

D Bm Em G
E Cm A

My com - ny 'tis of the ther, sweet land of
Let me - nio - nio well of breez - e and rag - ee

D Bdim Bm Em D A D
E Bdim Cm Fm E B D
ib - er - ty, of ther I sing, Land when - my
all the trees, sweet free - down's song. Let, met - tal

A7
B7

D A
E B

ta - ther - died? Land of the I'll - give's - pride!
longes - a - wake! let all that breathe - per - take!

D
E

G D A7 D
A E B7 E

From ev - 'ry - moon - rain - side, let - free - don - sing!
let rocks... their... si - lance break, the - sound pro - long!

America the Beautiful

Words by KATHERINE LEE BATES

Music by SAMUEL A. WARD

Moderately slow

Gr. capo I: D E7 A A

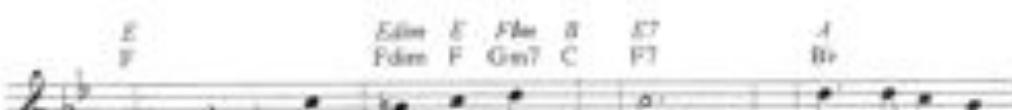
Keyboard: Eb F#7 B+ B+



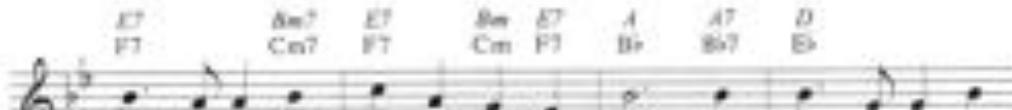
O beau - si - ful for
beau - si - ful for



spa - cious skies, for am - ber waves of grain. For per - plie moun-tain
he - roes proved in lib - er - al - ing sun. Who more than self their



maj - es - ti - a - bove the fruit - ed plain. A - mer - i - cal A -
coun - try loved, and mer - cy more than life. A - mer - i - cal A -



mer - i - cal God shed His grace on thee. And crown thy good with
mer - i - cal God send these ev - ery flow. Con - firm thy soul in



beaut - ie - hood, from sea to shin - ing sea. O law.

Apple Tree

cup B - C

The musical notation consists of two staves of music in common time (indicated by 'C') and treble clef. The first staff contains four measures of music with lyrics: "Ap - ple tree, ap - ple tree, will (all) your ap - ples fall on me?". The second staff contains four measures of music with lyrics: "I won't cry and I won't shout, if your ap - ple knocks me out."

Game Directions

Choose two pupils to be the first "apple tree." These two face, join hands and make an arch with their arms. The rest of the students are in a circle with hands joined. They walk under the "tree" (with feet to the beat) until the word "out," when the "tree" drops and captures whomever is beneath it. The captured child forms a new tree (with the teacher or another student) and the circle must walk beneath both tree. The process continues until there are no students to catch or until time runs out.

Source - composed I learned it in a Jean Sisner workshop

Classroom Use

ti ti ta ti ti ta pattern
do prep and practice

Aquaqua

Aquaqua

A - qua qua de - la o - mar, qua - qua - qua.

del - si - ma - tri - co, tri - co tri - co u.

va - lo va - lo va - lo va - lo va - lo, va.

lo? (Spoken) 1 2 3 4 5

Source: collected in Jerusalem, Sept 1979 by Rita Klinger text is nonsense

Game Children sit in a circle - left hand palm up, right hand palm down over neighbor's left hand. One person starts song and takes beat from right and passes it by taking his/her right hand and crossing it over in front of his/her body to the left side and tapping right hand of his/her neighbor, which is on top of his/her left hand. Left side neighbor repeats process all the way around the circle until the numbers are called out. When beat to #4, he/she passes the beat to #5. If #4 taps #5's hand before he/she moves it, #5 goes in the center of the circle. If #4 misses, the he/she goes to the center. The person after #5 begins song and beat motion again. When enough are in the center circle, they may begin game among themselves. Many concentric circles can play at once.

Classroom Use game, beat. Prepare m, and t,

Auld Lang Syne

Traditional

Andante

The musical score consists of six staves of music for a single voice. The first staff starts with a pickup followed by a Gm7 chord. The lyrics are: "Should old acquaintance be forgot, and never brought to". The second staff begins with a B7 chord. The lyrics are: "mind? Should old acquaintance be forgot, and". The third staff begins with a C7 chord. The lyrics are: "days of old long syne. For old lang". The fourth staff begins with a Gm7 chord. The lyrics are: "syne my dear, for old lang syne, we'll". The fifth staff begins with an F chord. The lyrics are: "take a cup of kind - ness yet, for old lang". The sixth staff begins with an F chord. The lyrics are: "syne And syne". Chords are indicated above the staff: F, Dm, Gm⁷, C⁷, F, F⁷; B⁷, F, Dm, Gm⁷, A⁷; B⁷, C⁷, F, B⁷, F, Dm; Gm⁷, C⁷, F, F⁷, B⁷; F, Dm, Gm⁷, A⁷, B⁷, C⁷.

"Auld Lang Syne" is an old Scottish song, and the title literally means "old long since." Like many words and phrases, this one doesn't translate very well to modern speakers of English. A better translation would be "a long time ago" or "times gone by." The title and lyrics of the song serve as a reminder that as we face the future, we shouldn't forget the past.

Battle Hymn of the Republic

Words by JULIA WARD HOWE
Music by WILLIAM STEFFE

Spirited March

A musical score page featuring a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (4/4). The lyrics "I'm gonna be (5-10)" are written above the staff, with "Am" and "C DT" placed above the first two measures. The piano accompaniment consists of a bass line and chords (G, Am, C, D7, G) indicated by Roman numerals and arrows pointing to specific notes. The vocal part is shown below the staff, and the guitar part is indicated by a "GUITAR" label.

A musical staff starting with a G clef. The first measure contains four eighth notes. The second measure contains two eighth notes followed by a sixteenth note. The third measure contains three eighth notes. The fourth measure contains two eighth notes followed by a sixteenth note.

A musical score page from a hymnal. The title "The Trumpet Shall Sound" is at the top. The lyrics "eyes have seen the glo - ry of the com - ing of the Lord. He is sound - ed forth the trum - pet that shall nev - er call re - treat. He is" are followed by a measure of music with a C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The next measure begins with a G-clef, indicating a change in key.

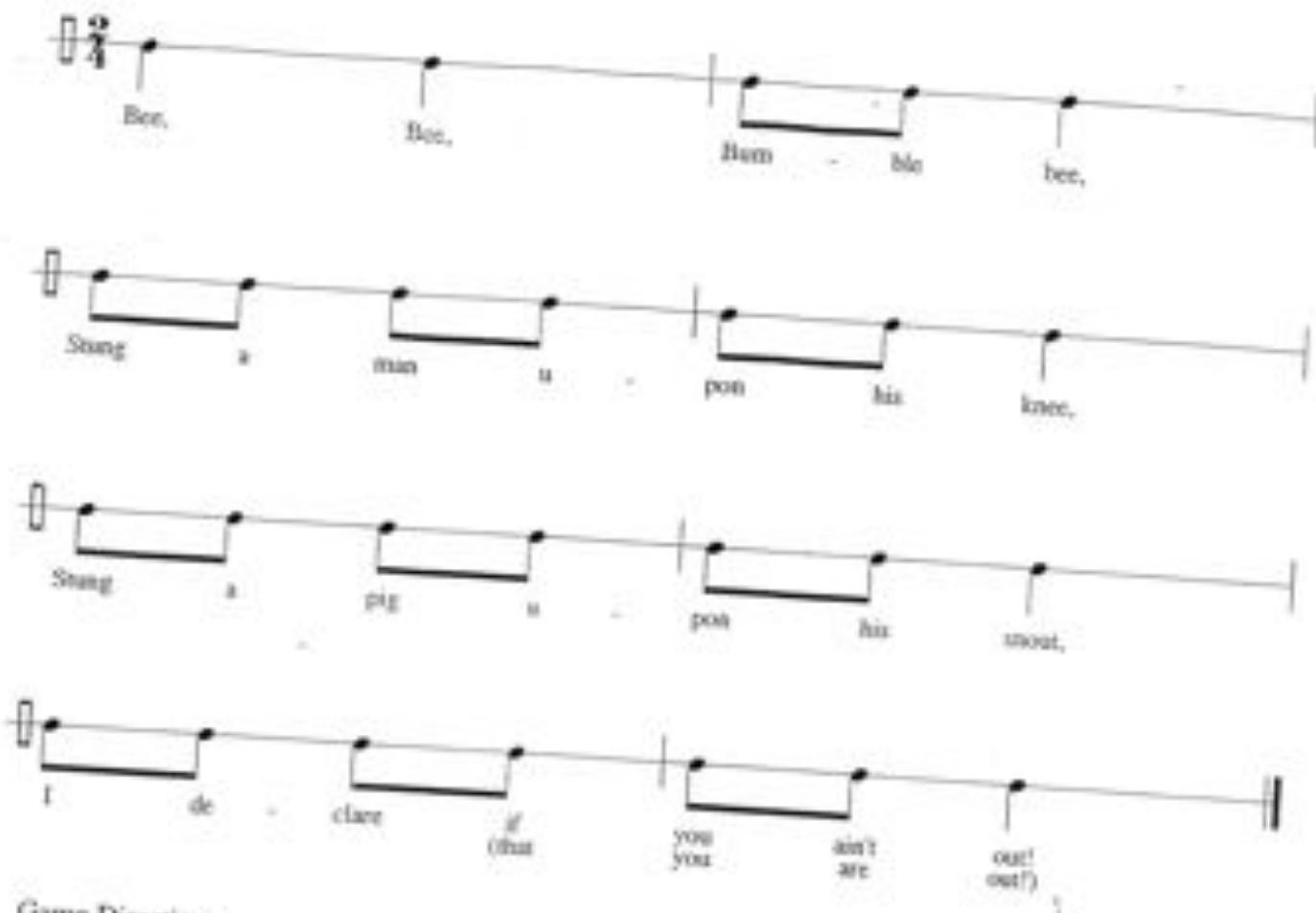
A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff shows a bass line with quarter notes and rests, followed by a treble line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns. Measure 8 ends with a repeat sign and a key signature change to E minor. Measure 8 1/2 begins with a bass note and continues the melodic line.

Am C D7 G
truth is marching on. Glo - ry, glo - ry, hallelu - ah!
God is marching on. Glo - ry, glo - ry, hallelu - ah!

Diamond, D. (1984) by BBA, LEONARD CORPORATION
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(^{true}
John Brown's Body)

Bee Bee



Game Directions

Circle game for outs. Teacher has bee puppet (or just use hand) and it "flies" over the students heads to the beat. After the chant the teacher "buzzes" the students out. If a student is "buzzed", he or she may sit down or if it is at the end of a class, they may go line up. During the game, all students are patching the beat.

Another version - Students sit with their legs stretched into the center of the circle. This time the teacher lightly squeezes their foot on each beat. On the buzz sound, that foot is out. It is possible to have one foot out and one foot still in the game.

Source - Wyze, Helga. *Simple Gifts Book I* copyright 1976 page 5 Variation by Deborah Forshloom
Classroom Use

beat
fast/slow
loud/soft
high/low
ta ta ti si ta
ti # ti si ti si ta



3. Dat pony run, he jump, he pitch,
He tumble Massa in de ditch.
He died, an' de jury wonder why;
De verdie' wus de blue-tail fly.
4. Dey laid 'im under a 'simmon tree;
His epitaph am dar to see;
"Beneath dis stone Ah'm fo'ced to lie,
All by de means ob de blue-tail fly."
5. Ol' Massa gone, now let 'im rest;
Dey say all t'ings am for de best.
Ah neber forget till de day I die,
Ol' Massa an' dat blue-tail fly.

Words and melody from Satis N., Columbus and Adolph Dresman, Songs of American Folks, copyrighted 1942; by special permission of the publishers, the John Day Company, New York.

BILLY BOY

MOTHER

Southern Mountain Song

1. Tell me now, where have you been, Bill-ly Boy, Bill-ly Boy,
2. Can she make a cher-ry pie, Bill-ly Boy, Bill-ly Boy,
3. Tell me now, what is her age, Bill-ly Boy, Bill-ly Boy,

Tell me now, where have you been, charm-ing Bill-ly?
Can she make a cher-ry pie, charm-ing Bill-ly?
Tell me now, what is her age, charm-ing Bill-ly?

BILLY

I have been to seek a wife For the partner-of my life,
She can make a cher-ry pie Quick's-a cat can wink his eye,
She is twen-ty and o-leven, Two times six and two times seven,

She's a young thing and can-not leave her moth-er,
She's a young thing and can-not leave her moth-er,
She's a young thing and can-not leave her moth-er.

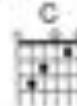
Words and melody from Merry Music, edited by Theresa Armitage and Others (A. H. Birchard and Company, Boston), copyrighted 1929; by special permission of the publishers, C. C. Birchard and

Billy Boy

American folk song

Trend

ATT: Jim Wulffers



A musical score page featuring three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The lyrics "Boys, Billy" are written above the top staff, followed by "Boy? Oh where have you been charming". The music consists of four measures, each starting with a quarter note. The first measure contains eighth notes. The second measure contains eighth notes. The third measure contains eighth notes. The fourth measure contains eighth notes.

A musical score for a solo voice and piano. The vocal part is in G major, indicated by a 'G' at the top left. The piano part includes a bass line. The lyrics are: "Bil - ly? I have been to seek a wife She's the". The score shows a progression from G major to G7, with a key change indicated by a 'G7' above the piano staff.

13

joy of my life. She's a young thing and can-not leave her
mother - er.

17

moth - er.

Oh where have you been, Billy Boy,
Billy Boy?
Oh where have you been, charming Billy?
I have been to seek a wife,
She's the joy of my life,
She's a young thing
And cannot leave her mother.

Did she bid you to come in, Billy Boy,
Billy Boy?
Did she bid you to come in, tell me Billy?
Yes, she bade me to come in,
There's a dimple in her chin.
She's a young thing
And cannot leave her mother.

Did she set you a chair, Billy Boy?
Billy Boy?
Did she set you a chair, tell me Billy.
Yes, she set for me a chair,
She has ringlets in her hair,
She's a young thing
And cannot leave her mother.

Can she bake cherry pie, Billy Boy,
Billy Boy?
Can she bake cherry pie, tell me Billy.
She can bake a cherry pie,
There's a twinkle in her eye.
She's a young thing
And cannot leave her mother.



Billy Sad

cp B-C

Bil - ly Sad, Bil - ly Sad,
Tell me why are you so sad,
This is why, I'm so sad,
Cause my name is Billy Sad.

Game Directions

Choose one student to be "sad" and one student to try and make the first laugh. (The second student is not allowed to touch or make noises.) The class sings song with the "sad" student's name. If the "sad" student smiles or laughs, he or she loses.

Source: learned from Ann Osborne at Capital University

Classroom Use:

- • ta ta ta
- m (first phrases only)
- m d (last phrase)

Button You Must Wander

op 8

Button You Must Wander, wan - der, wan - der,

Button you must wan - der, ev' - ry where.

Bright eyes will find you. Sharp eyes will find you,

Button you must wan - der ev' - ry where.

Game Directions

Children sit in a circle on the floor; one child in the center is "it." A button is secretly given to one child before the game begins. As the children sing, they pass the button to the beat of the music. (Beat one: close hands together) Beat two: closed hands open sideways until they are almost touching the hands of the children on either side.) As this is done, the button is passed around the circle. At the end of the song, "it" must guess who has the button. If "it" guesses correctly, the pupil with the button becomes "it". If "it" guesses incorrectly, the game continues until "it" does guess correctly.

Game Variation

The button may be threaded onto a large continuous string the size of the circle, and slid around the string to the beat. (This is good for younger children.)

Source: Choksy, Lois *the Kodály Method* Prentice Hall NJ 1988 page 161
Classroom Use

Game
Pentatonic review

Canoe Song (Round)

Margaret Magoo

The musical notation consists of four staves of music. Staff 1 starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are: "My pad - die's keen and bright, flash - ing with sil - ver,". Staff 2 starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are: "flash - ing with sil - ver,". Staff 3 starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are: "fol - low the wild goose flight,". Staff 4 starts with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are: "Dip, dip and swing."

Verse 2

Dip, dip and swing her back, flashing with silver,
Swift as the wild goose flies, dip, dip and swing.

Game

Class is seated in a circle; each child has 2 pebbles/marbles/buckeyes.
Pass the pebbles around the circle as described below:

Beat 1 - pick up the pebbles in front of the left knee

Beat 2 - tap pebbles on left knee

Beat 3 - tap pebbles on right knee

Beat 4 - place pebbles in front of right knee (These pebbles are picked up by next pupil to the right.)

Source

Making Music Your Own, book 5 Page 99 Silver Burdett (composed)

Classroom Use - part work, beat (game), syncopation, and low la

Canadian Songs: Land of the Silver Birch

Danny Boy

Irish folk song

Trad.

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for voice and piano. The vocal part is in common time, treble clef, and the piano part is in common time, bass clef. Chords are indicated above the staff. The lyrics are written below the notes. Measure numbers are provided at the start of each staff.

1 Oh Dan - ny boy the pipes the pipes are call - ing
C
2 from gles to glen and down the moon - tain side
C Am⁷ Dm⁷
3 the sum - mer's gone and all the ros - es full - ing
G⁷ C C⁷ F
4 it's you it's you must go and I must bide
C G⁷ C
5 But come ye back when sum - mer's in the mea - dow
G⁷ C F C
6 or when the val - ley's bushed and white with snow
G⁷ C/E F C D⁷
7 It's fine there in sun - shine or in sha - dow
G G⁷ C C⁷ F C
8 Oh Dan - ny boy, oh Dan - ny boy I love you so
D C Dm⁷ G⁷ C

Dona Nobis Pacem

Traditional Cancer

Gently

Ger. copper
Tobacco

Gently

Ger. capo I: A7
Keyboard: Bb7

D E^b D E^b A
D E^b D E^b Bb
D E^b A Bb G A^b
D E^b D E^b A Bb
pa - om. pa - om. do - sa - sa - no - bis pa -
D E^b A Bb D E^b A Bb A
om. Do - sa - no - bis pa - om. Do - sa -
D E^b A Bb D E^b A Bb A
no - bis pa - om. Do - sa -
D E^b A Bb G A^b D E^b A Bb A
no - bis pa - om. do - sa - no - bis pa - com.

¹ Many other writers are mentioned.

*Miss the song as a round,
with different sets of indicated numbers.

Music Alone Shall Live

TrueGloss™

Gir. capo I. 6
L'edizione 1

Ger. capo I: D Em A7 D Em ①
 Keyboard: Es Fm B7 Es Es

 All things shall
 Em Fm A D Es ② Em Fm A
 perish from under the sky. Music alone shall live, music alone
 D Es ③ Em Fm A D
 alone shall live, music alone shall live, never to die.

"May the swing as a windmill,
smile merriment at delighted numbers."

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Down by the Riverside

African American Spiritual

Lively ($\frac{2}{4}$ = $\frac{1}{2}$)

lay down my sword and shield...
put hands with ev - ry - one...
down by the riv - er - side...
down by the riv - er - side...
Gen - na

down by the riv - er - side...
down by the riv - er - side...
Gen - na

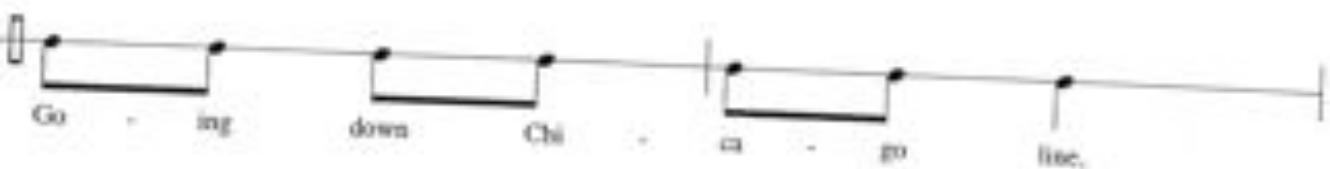
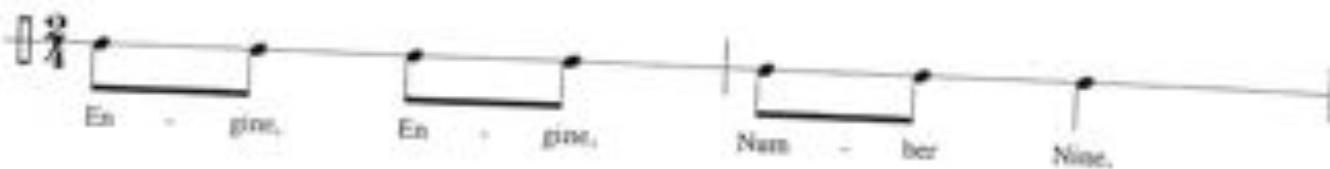
lay down my sword and shield...
put hands with ev - ry - one,...
down by the riv - er - side,... and

sad - y... war no more. } I ain't gon - na sad - y war no more.

I ain't gon - na sad - y war no more... sad - y

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Engine Engine



Movement

Train motions to the beat

Source: Formai, Katalin *Magic in Preschool* Corvina Budapest, Hungary 1988 page 168
Classroom Use

beat
fast/slow
loud/soft
high/low
accelerando, ritard (getting faster, getting slower)
t t t t t t t t
t t t t t t t t

THE Erie CANAL

Traditional

Breakin' that last fine fair

Dula.

Guit.

Guit.

A7

Musical notation for the Traditional song 'Breakin' that last fine fair'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

I've
got a smile,
but is
long our way,

Musical notation for the Traditional song 'Breakin' that last fine fair'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Puh.
Puh.
Puh.

Pif - teen miles on the E - rie Can - al.

Musical notation for the Traditional song 'Breakin' that last fine fair'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula.

Musical notation for the Traditional song 'Breakin' that last fine fair'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula..

American Ballad

Al - ha - ay

lo -

hi -

lo -

hi -

lo -

Guit.

A7

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Al - ha - ay'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Al - ha - ay
Right back home

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Al - ha - ay'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Al - ha - ay
Right back home

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Al - ha - ay'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Al - ha - ay
Right back home

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Al - ha - ay'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Al - ha - ay'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula..

Low bridge, far wide go - long thro' a

low

and you'll al - ways know your neighbor

neigh - bor

Guit.

A7

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Low bridge, far wide go - long thro' a low'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Low bridge, far wide go - long thro' a low

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Low bridge, far wide go - long thro' a low'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'Low bridge, far wide go - long thro' a low'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dula..

If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.

Words and music from one-hand or three-hand ed. of "The American Songster," 1842, arranged by

Peter Dohm.

Dohm.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dohm.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dohm..

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

We've had some long - es - t In our day, locks.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dohm.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Filled with han - ber - coal and happy And

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

We'll make Dose - boat six o' - clock.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Dohm.

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

we know ev - 'tch of the way frien -

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

Our morn - trip and back well -

Musical notation for the American Ballad 'If you ev - er mar - ried on the E - rie Can - al.'. It consists of two staves. The top staff is for Guit. and the bottom staff is for Dula. The lyrics are:

go -

Go Tell It On The Mountain

Afro-American spiritual

Trad.

arr. Jan Wilens

The musical score consists of eight staves of music for a single voice. The key signature is F major (one sharp). The time signature varies between common time and 2/4 time. Chords are indicated above the staff, and lyrics are written below the staff. The lyrics describe the birth of Jesus and the resulting celestial signs.

1 Go, tell it on the moun - tain, O - ver the hills and
F B⁷ F C
2 ev - ty - where; Go, tell it on the moun - tain that
F B⁷ F Dm
3 Gm F/C C⁷ F C F
Jo - sus Christ is born. While shep - herds kept their
4 watch - ing Over si - lent rocks by night, Be -
5 Dm⁷ G⁷
hold, through - out the heav - ens There shone a ho - ly
6 C C⁷ F B⁷ F
light Go, tell it on the moun - tain,
7 C F B⁷
O - ver the hills and ev - ty - where; Go, tell it on the
8 F Dm Gm F/C C⁷ F
moun - tain that Jo - sus Christ is born.

God Bless America

Words and Music by IRVING BERLIN

Moderately

G *D* *C₇dm* *D* *B₇* *G* *D* *A* *D* *A*
Keyboard: *A_b* *E_b* *D₇dm* *E_b* *C_m* *A_b* *E_b* *B₇* *E_b B_b*

D *Dm₇* *F_m* *A* *G* *A₇* *D*
E_b *E_b A₇* *G₇dm₇* *B_b* *A_b* *B_b* *E_b*

God bless Amer-i-ca, land that I love. Stand be-

G *A_b* *D* *E_b* *E₇* *F₇* *A₇* *B_b7* *D* *E_b*
 side her and guide her through the night with a light from a - bove. From the

A₇ *B_b7* *D* *E_b* *A₇* *B_b7* *E_b* *B_b E_b7*

moons - tains to be prai - ries, to the o - ceans white with foam.

G *A_b* *D* *C₇dm* *D* *B₇* *E_m7* *D* *A₇* *D* *C₇dm* *D₇*
E_b *D₇dm* *E_b* *C_m* *F_m7* *E_b* *B_b7* *E_b* *D₇dm* *E_b7*

God bless Amer-i-ca, my home sweet home.

G *A_b* *D* *B₇* *E_m7* *D* *A₇* *G* *A_b* *D*
A_b *B_b* *E_b* *C_m* *F_m7* *E_b* *B_b7* *A_b* *E_b*

God bless Amer-i-ca, my home sweet home.

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Great Big House

cap G - A

Great big house in New Orleans, For - ty stor -ies high.
Ev - ry mom that I've been in, Filled with pump - kin pie.

Additional Verses

2. Went down to the old mill stream to fetch a pail of water,
Put one arm around my wife, the other 'round my daughter.
3. Fare thee well my darling girl, fare thee well my daughter,
Fare thee well my darling girl, with the golden slippers on her.

Game Directions 1: Students seated in a ring, pass an eraser to the beat as they sing and patch the beat. Each student to receive the eraser on the 2nd beat of the 4th and 8th measures leaves the circle. Last one left is the winner.

Game Directions 2: Single circle formation. Assign ones and twos.

1. With a strutting step, the circle moves in a clockwise direction, at the phrasal, turn around and go back.
2. On "Went down," ones take two steps toward center and join hands in a circle.
3. On "Fetch a pail" the twos move toward the center and reach arms across the joined hands of the ones. (Dive in)
4. On "Put one arm," the twos bring their arms up and over the one and to their sides.
5. On "the other round" the ones bring their arms up and over the twos and to the back of the twos. (a basket weave)
6. On "Fare thee well," all move to the left in a grapevine pattern, step, behind, step, behind, step, behind, step, together. Then drop hands.
7. On the third "Fare thee well," the twos take a step backwards.
8. On "with the golden," the ones take a large step to their left and then back into the circle, therefore progressing around the circle. Ones should remain ones, and twos remain twos.
9. Repeat!

Can be done with an additional small circle in the center - maybe even singing in canon with the large circle

Source: Heath, Carol. *The Song Garden Book 2*. page 22. KMTI. 1984

Classroom Use

zz (m r d)

half note (if you really hold it two beats)

ti ti ti ti ta (for older beginners)

Ostinato/Instrument opportunities

Great big house in New Orleans

solo singing (first phrase)

partner songs with Rocky Mts.

148

Volume 3

120
 when you go to your room, when you have
 when you go to your room, when you have

New words and new word adaptations by Russian literary authors and related with additional new material by Alex Lomak. TBL-C copyright 2012 Ludovic Marin, Inc., New York, N.Y. Used by permission.

ANSWER: **4** **5** **6** **7** **8** **9** **10** **11** **12** **13** **14** **15** **16** **17** **18** **19** **20** **21** **22** **23** **24** **25** **26** **27** **28** **29** **30** **31** **32** **33** **34** **35** **36** **37** **38** **39** **40** **41** **42** **43** **44** **45** **46** **47** **48** **49** **50** **51** **52** **53** **54** **55** **56** **57** **58** **59** **60** **61** **62** **63** **64** **65** **66** **67** **68** **69** **70** **71** **72** **73** **74** **75** **76** **77** **78** **79** **80** **81** **82** **83** **84** **85** **86** **87** **88** **89** **90** **91** **92** **93** **94** **95** **96** **97** **98** **99** **100**

A musical score for 'The Wind' featuring a single melodic line on a staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a tempo of quarter note = 120. The lyrics are: 'With a the wind... you get on the train... You won't be the last... you'

A musical score for "The Star-Spangled Banner" on two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The lyrics are written in both English and French. The English lyrics are: "Star-Spangled Banner", "O'er the land of the free", "And the brave who fought for her", "We'll always remember their names". The French lyrics are: "L'hymne à l'étoile", "Où le soleil brille toujours", "Et les hommes qui luttent pour elle", "Nous nous souvenons toujours de leurs noms". The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

卷之三

A musical score page for 'The Lark Ascending' by Alexander Scriabin, Op. 7. The page features a single melodic line on a staff with a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of six measures of a continuous melody.

that's where my mama's mouth like her's and that's where it is to you.

New words and new music adaptation by Roger Hunt, collected and edited with additional new material by Alan Lomax. © copyright 1971 Ludlow Music, Inc., New York, N.Y. Used by permission.

Head and Shoulder, Baby

Very syncopated $\frac{1}{4}$ = 96-116

Head and shoulder, ba - by, one, two, three.

Knee and an - kle, milk the cow, _____

Throw the ball, _____

Head and shoulder, ba - by, one, two, three.

Knee and an - kle, milk the cow, _____

Throw the ball, _____

Head and shoulder, head and shoulder, head and shoulder, ba - by,
Knee and an - kle, knee and an - kle, knee and an - kle,
Milk the cow, milk the cow, milk the cow, _____
Throw the ball, throw the ball, throw the ball, _____

one, two, three, 1

ain't been to Fri - day, And I ain't been to school,

I ain't been to coll - ege, but I ain't no fool.

To the front, to the back, to the front, to the back,

To the si - si - side, To the si - si - side!

Words and music by Bevis Jones; collected and edited with new material by Alan Lomax. TNO—
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HIGH, BETTY MARTIN

American Traditional Song

Merrily

High Betty Mar-tin, tip toe, tip toe,

High Betty Mar-tin, tip toe fine.

Nev-er found a man to sult her fan-cy,

Nev-er found a man to sult her mind.

Tra la la la la la la la,

Tra la la la la la la la,

Tra la la la, Betty Mar-tin, Tip toe fine.

Accompaniment may be played on the 5-bar Autoharp in key of F.

Words and melody from Elsie H. Lincoln's *Folksongs of Old New England*, copyrighted 1938; by special permission of the author and the publisher, The Macmillan Company, New York.

Home on the Range

Moderately

Traditional Cowboy Song

Gtr. capo 2: D G D A⁷ D G A⁷ D
 Keyboard: F B^b F C7 F B^b C7 F

home, give me a
 home where the but-fa-lo roam, where the deer and the an-te-lope
 night when the heav-en-s are bright, from the light of the glisten-ing
 Em⁷ A⁷ D
 Gm⁷ C7 F
 play, where have I stood them si-mazed and... asked in
 Gm D A⁷ G A⁷ D
 Bm F B^b C7 F
 wood, and the skies are not cloud-y all day
 if their glo-ry en-croaches that of ours }
 G Fm A⁷ D Bm E⁷
 B^b Am C7 F Dm G⁷
 home, home on the range, where the deer and the an-te-lope
 A D A D G Gm
 C F C F B^b Bm
 play, where sel-dom is heard a dis-coar-aging word, and the
 D A⁷ D G C D
 F C7 F B^b B^b F
 skies are not cloud-y all day 2. How day

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I've Been Working on the Railroad

Traditional American Folk Song

Gtr. open D
Keyboard E3

With Vigor

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the
rail - road, all the long - long day)

I've been work-ing on the

G A7 D
Bb7 E3

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the rail - road, all the long - long day)

I've been work-ing on the rail - road, all the long - long day)

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the rail - road, all the long - long day)

Can't you hear the whin-
gle - whin-gle?

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the rail - road, all the long - long day)

Can't you hear the cap-tain
blow - blow - blow up so nar - ly in the morn -

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

D7 G A7 D
Bb7 E3

I've been work-ing on the rail - road, all the long - long day)

Can't you hear the cap-tain
blow - blow - blow up so nar - ly in the morn -

Love me tender

(sung by Elvis Presley)

Traditional tune of "Aura Lee"

Slowly

Musical score for the first line of "Love me tender". The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The chords are G, A⁷, D⁷, and G.

Musical score for the second line of "Love me tender". The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The chords are G, A⁷, D⁷, and G.

Musical score for the third line of "Love me tender". The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The chords are G, B⁷, Em, G⁷, C, Cm, and G.

Musical score for the fourth line of "Love me tender". The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The chords are G, Dm⁷, E, E⁷, A⁷, D⁷, and G. The measure with D⁷ is bracketed as "1".

Musical score for the fifth line of "Love me tender". The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The chords are D⁷ and G. The measure with D⁷ is bracketed as "2".

Michael Row The Boat Ashore

Spiritual (1867)
Arranged William Wallace
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The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by 'C'). The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses a bass clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive font. The first staff contains the lyrics 'Michael row the boat a - shore hal-le-' followed by a repeat sign. The second staff continues with 'bu - jan michael row the boat a -' followed by a repeat sign. The third staff concludes with 'shore hal-le -' followed by a repeat sign and a final dash.



Miss Mary Mack

①

Children's Song

G

Musical notation for the first line of the song. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: Miss Ma - ry Mack, Mack, Mack, all dressed in

D7

Musical notation for the second line of the song. The key signature changes to D major (two sharps). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: block, block, block, with sil - ver but - tons, but - tons,

G

Musical notation for the third line of the song. The key signature changes back to G major (one sharp). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: but - tons all down her back, back, back. She asked her

Musical notation for the fourth line of the song. The key signature changes to F# major (one sharp). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: mo - ther, mo - ther, mo - ther for fif - ty cents, cents,

D7

cents, to see the e - le - phants, e - le - phants, e - le - phants jump o - ver the

G

fence, fence, fence. They jumped so high, high,

high, they reached the sky, sky, sky, and they did - n't come

D7

G

back, back, back 'til the fourth of Ju - ly, ly, ly!

My Bonnie Lies Over the Ocean

Traditional

Moderate waltz tempo

A musical score for a band instrument, likely trumpet or flute, in common time (indicated by '4'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score consists of four measures. Measure 1 starts with a C major chord (C, E, G), followed by a D7 chord (D, F#, A, C). Measure 2 begins with a bass note G, followed by a sustained note G. Measure 3 starts with a C major chord. Measure 4 starts with a C major chord, followed by a bass note G, and concludes with a measure ending symbol and a repeat sign.

A musical score for a solo voice. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: "a - yer the sea - my Bon - nie lies a - yer the sea". The score includes a bass staff at the bottom with a C key signature, indicating harmonic bass notes.

A musical score for a solo voice and piano. The vocal part is in common time, treble clef, and G major. The piano part includes a bass line and harmonic chords. The lyrics "My Bonnie lies over the ocean" are written below the vocal line, with "ocean" underlined. Chords marked above the staff are D7, G, C, G, and A7.

A musical score for a single melodic line. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: "bring back my bonfire to me, to me, bring back my wind". The vocal range is approximately from middle C to G above middle C.

A musical score for a solo voice. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The vocal line consists of four measures: A7, D7, B7, and G. The lyrics are: "back, oh, bring back my Bon-nie to me". The vocal line starts on a quarter note, followed by a half note, another half note, and a quarter note.

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Nobody knows the trouble I've seen

Traditional Spiritual

Slowly

The musical score consists of five staves of music. Staff 1 starts with F, B^b, F, B^b. Staff 2 starts with C⁷, F, B^b, F, Dm. Staff 3 starts with C, C⁷, F, B^b, F. Staff 4 starts with Dm, Am, Dm, C⁷. Staff 5 starts with F, Dm, G⁷, C⁷, F. The lyrics are: "No-bo - dy knows the trou - ble I've seen No-bo - dy knows but Je - sus No-bo - dy knows the trou - ble I've seen Glo - ry Hal - le - ly - ia - jah Some - times I'm up some - times I'm down oh yes Lord, some - times I'm al - most to the ground Oh yes Lord".

Oh! Susanna

Words and Music by
STEPHEN COLLINS FOSTER

Moderately

D A Bm B(=D) D A7 D

D A Bm B(=D) D A

come from Al - a - ham - a with my ban - jo on my knee, I'm -
rained all day the night I left, the wea - ther was so dry, The -

D A Bm B(=D) D A7 D

going to Lou - 'n - an - a, my Su - san - na, for to see, }
sun so hot I froze my - self, Su - san - na, don't you cry }

G D A

Oh! Su - san - na! Oh, don't you cry for me, for I

D A Bm B(=D) D A7 1 D 2 D

come from Al - a - ham - a with my ban - jo on my knee, B - knee,

Old Brass Wagon

cap A

Circle to the left, old brass wagon.
Circle to the left, old brass wagon.
Circle to the left, old brass wagon.
You're the one my darling.

2. Circle to the right, old brass wagon. (sing 3 times)
You're the one my darling.
3. Wring the dishrag _____ (this verse from Bruce Swank)
4. Do - si - do _____ (I added this verse)
5. Skipping all around _____
6. Promenade home _____

Game Directions

Students form a circle holding hands.
Verse one - circle left, feet to beat
Verse two - circle right
Verse three - wring the dishrag
Verse four - do si do
Verse five - swing your partner
Verse six - skating hand position and promenade right.

Variation - students for groups of 4 partners (8 people) and dance in "squares."

Source - Heath, Carol *The Song Garden III* KMTI 1984 page 18

Classroom Use

low la and low so practice
ti ka ti ka

OLD GRUMBLER

Traditional

Old American Singing Game

G

C

G

C

1. Old Grumbler is dead and laid un - der the ground,

Un - der the ground, un - der the ground;

Old Grumbler is dead and laid un - der the ground,

Way high up.

2. His saddle and bridle lay under the shade.
3. There stood an old apple tree over his head.
4. The apples were ripe and ready to drop.
5. There came an old lady a-picking them up.
6. Old Grumbler he rose and he gave her a knock.
7. That made the old lady go hippety-hop.
8. She hippety-hopped to Strawberry Hill.
9. And there she sat down and made her will.
10. If you want any more, you'll sing it yourself.

Accompaniment may be played on the 5-har Autsharp in key of F.

Words and melody from New Music Mornin's, Book IV, edited by Osborne McCannan and others, copyrighted 1943; by special permission of the publishers, Silver Burdett Company, New York.

ON TOP OF OLD SMOKY

American folk songs

The musical score consists of three staves of music for voice and piano. The top staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It features lyrics: "O'er the land of the free". The middle staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It contains lyrics: "and the home of the brave". The bottom staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It includes lyrics: "where the brave are still". The piano part is indicated by a treble clef and a bass clef, with a dynamic marking of F .

On Top of Old Smoky

On top of old Smoky, all covered with snow
I lost my true lover from courting too slow

Though courting's a pleasure and parting is grief
A false-hearted lover is worse than a thief

For a thief will just rob you and take what you have
But a false-hearted lover will lead you to the grave

The grave will decay you and turn you to dust
Not one boy in a thousand a poor girl can trust

On Top of Spaghetti

He'll hug you and kiss you and tell you more lies
Than cross-ties on a railroad or stars in the skies

On top of spaghetti, all covered with cheese.

DT G
I lost my poor meatball when somebody sneezed.

C G

It rolled off the table and onto the floor.

And then my poor meatball rolled right out the door.

Red River Valley

Traditional Cowboy song

The musical score consists of five staves of music for a single melody line. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature varies between common time and 2/4 time.

Chords:

- G:** Measures 1-3, 10-11, 14-15.
- D:** Measures 4-5, 8-9, 12-13.
- C:** Measure 6.
- G⁷:** Measure 7.

Lyrics:

1. From this val - ley they say you are
2. Come and sit by my side if you
go - ing We will miss your bright
love me Do not hast en to
eyes and sweet smile, For they say you are
bid me a + dice But re - mem ber the
ta - king the sun - shine That has
Red Ri - ver Val - ley And the
bright - ened our path for a while.
cow boy who loved you so true

Rock-A-My Soul

African American Spiritual

Lively (♩ = 120)

A9 D G D D

Oh! Rock-a-my soul... in the bosom of A-braham,

A
rock-a-my soul... in the bosom of A-braham. Oh! Rock-a-my

D
rock-a-my soul... in the bosom of A-braham. Oh! Rock-a-my

Am
rock-a-my soul... in the bosom of A-braham. Oh! Rock-a-my

D G D C D C D

When I went down to the valley to pray,
When I came home from the valley at night,
The sun shone bright on the cloudiest day.

Bm A7

oh, rock-a-my soul. My soul got happy and I
oh, rock-a-my soul. I knew that ev'rything would
oh, rock-a-my soul. A pray'r is all you need to

D.S. al Fine
D G D

stayed all day. oh, rock-a-my soul.
be all right. oh, rock-a-my soul.
long your way. oh, rock-a-my soul.
Oh, rock-a-my soul.

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Scarborough Fair

Traditional

The musical score consists of five staves of music for a voice and guitar. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature varies between common time and 6/8.

Chords: Em, D, Em, G, A, Em, Em, G, D/F[†], Em⁷, D, Em, D, G, D, Em.

Lyrics:

Are you going to Scarborough fair?
Parsley sage rosemary and
Thyme. Remember me to
one who lives there
for once she
was a true love of mine.

She'll be Comin' 'Round the Mountain

Brightly

Gtr. capo J: D G D G D G D
 Keyboard: F Bb F Bb F Bb F

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Short'nin' Bread

Arr. Gilbert DeBenedetti

f 1. Three little chil-dres, ly-in' in bed, Two were sick and the oth-er 'most dead.

Sent for the doc-tor and the doc-tor said, "Give those child-ren some short'nin' bread."

mp Ma-ma's lit-tle ba-by loves short'nin', short'nin', Ma-ma's lit-tle ba-by loves short'nin' bread.

Ma-ma's lit-tle ba-by loves short'nin', short'nin', Ma-ma's lit-tle ba-by loves short'nin' bread.

2. Put on the skillet, slip on the lid,
Mama's gonna make a little short'nin' bread.
That ain't all she's gonna do,
Mama's gonna make a little coffee, too.
Mama's little baby loves...

3. When those children, sick in bed,
Heard that talk about short'nin' bread,
Popped up well to dance and sing,
Skipped around and cut the pigeon wing.
Mama's little baby loves...

More sheet music at:
www.gmajormusictheory.org



Skin and Bones

clip F

Musical notation for 'Skin and Bones' in 3/4 time, treble clef. The lyrics are: There was an old wo - man all skin and bones. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The vocal line ends with a descending eighth-note scale: oo—oo—oo—oooh.

2. She lived down by the old graveyard.
Oo-oo-oo-oh!
3. One night she thought she'd take a walk.
Oo-oo-oo-oh!
4. She walked down by the old graveyard.
Oo-oo-oo-oh!
5. She saw the bones a-lyin' around.
Oo-oo-oo-oh!
6. She went to the closet to get a broom.
Oo-oo-oo-oh!
7. She opened the door and...BOO!

SOURCE: Heath, Carol. The Song Garden II. KNTI 1984 page 46

Classroom Use:

low la
dynamics - decrescendo
3 meter

SKIP TO MY LOU

Folk Song from Tennessee

1. Fly in the but - ter - milk, shoo, fly, shoo!

Fly in the but - ter - milk, shoo, fly, shoo!

Fly in the but - ter - milk, shoo, fly, shoo!

Skip to my lou, my dar - ling.

Lou, lou, skip to my lou, Lou, lou, skip to my lou!

Lou, lou, skip to my lou, Skip to my lou, my dar - ling.

2. Going to Texas, two by two.
3. Lost my partner, what'll I do?
4. I'll get another, prettier than you.
5. Can't get a red bird, a blue bird I'll do.
6. Chickens in the haystack, two by two.
7. Pig's in the fence, and can't get through.
8. Hurry up, slow poke, do and do.
9. Skip a little faster, this'll never do.
10. Little red wagon, painted blue.
11. Back from Texas, how do you do?

Words and melody from *The American Singer*, Book II, edited by John W. Beattie and Others, copyrighted 1918; by special permission of the publishers, American Book Company, New York.

Ten Little Indians

Children's Song

Trad.

arr. Jan Willem

bright (♩ = 100)

Voices

Piano/Knob

Ocarina

5

One lit - de, two lit - de, three lit - de In - di - ans, four lit - de, five lit - de,

Vo.

Pa.

Oci.

A musical score page for 'The Nine Little Indians'. The top staff is for the Violin (Vi.), the middle staff for the Piano (Pno.), and the bottom staff for the Organ (Org.). The music is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal part consists of lyrics: 'six lit - de la - di - ana,' 'sev - en lit - tie, eight lit - tie,' and 'nine lit - tie la - di - ana.' The piano part includes a dynamic marking 'A' above a treble clef and a dynamic marking 'D' above a bass clef. The organ part features sustained notes throughout the measures.

15
 Violin: Ten lit - tle, nine lit - tle, eight lit - tle. In - di - an, seven lit - tle, six lit - tle.
 Piano:
 G
 Em
 Oboe:

18

Violin: five lit - tie In - di - ans, four lit - tie, three lit - tie, two lit - tie In - di - ans

Piano:

Guitar: A D

21

Violin: one lit - tie In - di - an boy. one lit - tie In - di - an

Piano:

Guitar: A7 D A7

24

Violin: boy one lit - tie In - di - an boy.

Piano:

Guitar: D A7 D G D

THE CUP GAME

Bruce Swank - presenter TRIKE, 1/20/95

as learned from Dan Lejeune, Univ. of St. Thomas, MN, June, 1995

SUGGESTIONS:

1. Use 16 - 24 oz. heavy plastic cups (Solo & light plastic ones crumple too easily)
2. Teach the pattern to your students where they are in a group and you are facing them. I have found that the students find it more difficult if they are seated in a circle during their initial viewing of the motions. It works best if you mirror the motions I demonstrate it backwards for the students to copy initially without the cups. Once they have the pattern basically "in hand", then introduce the cups.

(SPOKEN WORDS TO ASSIST LEARNING GAME MOTIONS)

Clap	Clap	tap	on	the	cup
Clap	up	down			ZY
Clap	twist	pop			floor
Switch	hand down	cross			ZY (R)

DIRECTIONS: [Position of cup is upside down] [Students are seated with legs crossed]

1. Beats 1-4 are self explanatory
2. Beats 6&7 [pick up and put down cup with right hand]
3. Beat 10 [screwscrew twist right hand counterclockwise and pick up cup]
4. Beat 11 [twist cup right-side up and hit top with palm of left hand]
5. Beat 12 [with cup still in right hand, tap the bottom of cup on the floor]
6. Beat 13 [twist right hand clockwise (palm facing up), and transfer the cup, bottom end first to the left hand]
7. Beat 14 [take "free" right hand and place on floor in front of left knee]
8. Beat 15 [with cup in left hand, extend arm and place cup on floor (tip of cup down) as far right as possible.]

I like to use the song "I've Been to Haarlem" also known as "Turn the Glasses Over" to accompany the game. The students enjoy gradually getting faster and faster until all falls into chaos. Could be used as an elimination game as well.

This Land is Your Land

Words and Music by WOODY GUTHRIE

Brightly

D7 G Am G
Chorus: This land is

C G
your land, this land is my land from Cal-i-
walk-ing that rib-bon of high-way, I saw a -
run-red and I followed my foot-steps to the spark-ling

D7 G
for-sa to the New York in-land. From the red-wood
bove me that end-less sky-way. I saw be -
sand of her dia-mond des-erts. And all a -

C G D7
for-est to the Gulf Stream wa-ters. This land was
low me that gold-en val-ley. {
round me a voice was sound-ing.

made for you and me. { 1. As I was
1. I've roamed and me
2. I've roamed and me

1,2 G | 3 G C G

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This Little Light of Mine

African American Spiritual

(J = 120)

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C') and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff begins with a pickup of two eighth notes followed by a half note. The second staff starts with a quarter note. The third staff starts with a quarter note. The fourth staff starts with a half note. The lyrics are: "This little light of mine, I'm gonna let it shine." This pattern repeats three more times. The chords indicated above the staff are: G, D7, G, C, G, C, E7, Em, Cm, G, D7, C, G.

G D7 G G

G D7 G

This little light of mine, I'm gonna let it shine.

C G

This little light of mine, I'm gonna let it shine.

E7 Em Cm

This little light of mine, I'm gonna let it shine, Let it shine.

G D7 G G

— let it shine, — let it shine, —

Tideo

osp F

Pass one win - dow, ti - do - o. Pass two win - dow, u - de - o.

Pass three win - dow ti - de - o, Jingle at the win - dow, ti - de - o.

ti - de - o, u - de - o. Jingle at the win - dow, ti - de - o.

Game Directions

Caterpillar Game - Children stand in a circle. When song begins, circle right, stepping foot to the beat. Head partners make an arch. Next partners go under arch, then make another arch. When last partners go under head partners' arch, head partners join hands with last partners to remake circle.

Double Circle Game - Student are in a double circle formation. Inner circle stays stationary for the verse while outside circle moves. Outside circle moves one person to the right 4 times. (Most of the time it is on the word "pass" with the exception of the last move which happens on the word "jingle.") At the chorus section, "Tideo", the partners do a hand clapping pattern of legs, clap, both to partner and repeat. On the "jingle at the window", they do a quick do-si-do. Then back to hand clapping, followed by the do-si-do.

When they get good at this, I then let them chose an odd number and we keep passing that many "windows."

Source: Heath, Carol. *The Song Garden III*. KMTI 1984. page 32

Classroom Use

ti ka u ka
high do

Tom Dooley

Traditional American folk song

A musical score for "Tom Dooley" in common time, featuring six staves of music with lyrics and chords. The key signature is one flat. The chords used are F, B[♭], F, C⁷, Gm⁷, F, C, Gm⁷, F, C⁷, F, and C⁷. The lyrics are:

F B[♭] F C⁷
1. Hang down your head Tom Doo - ley hung down your head and cry
2. hang down your head Tom Doo - ley poor boy, you're bound to die
3. - F B[♭] F
I met her on the moun - tain
This time to - mor - row
4. C⁷
then I took here life met her on the moun - tain
rock - on where I'll be Had - n't been for Gray - son
5. Gm⁷ F C⁷ Gm⁷ F
stack her with my knife poor boy, you're bound to die
I'd been Ten - nes - see.
6. C⁷ F
poor boy you're bound to die.

Turkey in the Straw

As I was a-gwine down the road,
Tired team and a heavy load,
Crack my whip and the leader sprung,
I says day-day to the wagon tongue.

Turkey in the straw, turkey in the hay,
Turkey in the straw, turkey in the hay
(Roll 'em up and twist 'em up a high tuckahaw
And twist 'em up a tune called Turkey in the Straw.

Went out to milk, and I didn't know how,
I milked the goat instead of the cow.
A monkey sittin' on a pile of straw,
A-winkin' at his mother-in-law.

Met Mr. Catfish comin' down stream.
Says Mr. Catfish, "What does you mean?"
Caught Mr. Catfish by the snout,
And turned Mr. Catfish wrong side out.

Came to a river and I couldn't get across,
Paid five dollars for a blind old hoss;
Wouldn't go ahead, nor he wouldn't stand still,
So he went up and down like an old saw mill.

As I came down the new cut road,
Met Mr. Bullfrog, met Miss Toad
And every time Miss Toad would sing,
Old Bullfrog cut a pigeon wing.

Oh I jumped in the seat and I gave a little yell
The horses ran away, broke the wagon all to hell
Sugar in the ground and honey in the hom
I never been so happy since the day I was born.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are written below each staff. The first staff starts with a pickup followed by a measure of eighth notes. The second staff begins with a measure of eighth notes. The third staff begins with a measure of eighth notes. The fourth staff begins with a measure of eighth notes.

As I was a-gwine down the road, With a ti-red team an' a
heavy load, I crack my whip an' de lea-der sprung, I
says day-day to de wagon tongue. Tur-key in de straw,
tur-key in de straw, tur-key in de straw, Roll 'em up an' twist 'em up a
high tuckahaw, An' twist 'em up a tune called Tur-key in the Straw.

TURN THE GLASSES OVER

Traditional

Early American Tune

Gaily

I've been to Har - lem, I've been to Do - ver,

I've trav - eled this wide world all o - ver,

O - ver, o - ver, three times o - ver,

Drink what you have to drink and turn the glass-es o - ver.

Sail - ing east, sail - ing west,

Sail - ing o - ver the o - cran

Bet - ter watch out when the boat be - gins to rock,

Or you'll lose your girl in the o - cran.

Accompaniment may be played on the 5-bar Autoharp in key of F.

Words and melody from *We Sing*, edited by Theresa Armitage and Others (A Singing School series), copyrighted 1948; by special permission of the publishers, C. C. Birchard and Company, Boston.

We Shall Overcome

New Words: Zilphia Horos, Frank Hamilton,
Guy Carawan, and Pete Seeger

Music: African-American Spiritual

1. We shall ov - er - come, we shall ov - er - come,
 2. We shall live in peace, we shall live in peace,
 3. We shall all be free, we shall all be free,
 4. We are not a - fraid, we are not a - fraid,

we shall ov - er - come some - day, Oh, —
 we shall live in peace some - day, Oh, —
 we shall all be free some - day, Oh, —
 we are not a - fraid so - day, Oh, —

deep in my heart I do be - lieve
 I know that

we shall ov - er - come some - day.

OTHER VERSES:

We are not alone... (today)
 We'll walk hand in hand... (today)
 The truth will make us free... (someday)
 We shall overcome... (someday)

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What Child is this ?

Traditional Christmas Carol

Moderato

Dm C Dm

What Child is this who laid so fast on Ma - ry's

A Dm C

lap is sleep - ing? Whom an - gels greet with an - them

Dm A7 Dm

sweet, while shep - herds watch are keep - ing

F C Am Dm

This, this is Christ, the King, whom shep - herds

A F C

guard and an - gels sing. Haste, haste to bring him

Am Dm A7 Dm

laid the Babe, the Son of Ma - ry.

Why lies He in such mean estate,
Where ox and ass are feeding?
Good Christians, fear, for sinners here
The silent Word is pleading.
Nails, spear shall pierce Him through,
The cross be borne for me, for you.
Hail, hail the Word made flesh,
The Babe, the Son of Mary.

So bring Him incense, gold and myrrh,
Come peasant, king to own Him;
The King of kings salvation brings,
Let loving hearts enthrone Him.
Raise, raise a song on high,
The virgin sings her lullaby.
Joy, joy for Christ is born,
The Babe, the Son of Mary.

Greensleeves

English folk song

Trad.

Moderato

A - lis my love you do me wrong 10
cast me off so dis - court - eous - ly, When
I have lo - ved you so long De - light - ing
in your com - pa - ny Green sleeves was
all my joy And Green + sleeves was
my de - light, Green - sleeves was my heart of
gold And who but my la - dy Green - sleeves.

Dm C
Dm A
Dm C Dm
A⁷ Dm F
Em Am Dm G
A F Em
Am Dm A⁷ Dm